



GCSE (9-1)

Specification

PHYSICAL EDUCATION

J587

For first assessment in 2018

www.ocr.org.uk/gcsephysicaleducation

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1 Why choose an OCR GCSE (9–1) in Physical Education?

1a. Why choose an OCR qualification?

Choose OCR and you've got the reassurance that you're working with one of the UK's leading exam boards. Our GCSE (9–1) in Physical Education qualification has been developed in consultation with teachers, employers and Higher Education to provide students with a qualification that's relevant to them and meets their needs.

We're part of the Cambridge Assessment Group, Europe's largest assessment agency and a department of the University of Cambridge. Cambridge Assessment plays a leading role in developing and delivering assessments throughout the world, operating in over 150 countries.

We work with a range of education providers, including schools, colleges, workplaces and other institutions in both the public and private sectors. Over 13,000 centres choose our A Levels, GCSEs and vocational qualifications including Cambridge Nationals and Cambridge Technicals.

Our Specifications

We believe in developing specifications that help you bring the subject to life and inspire your students to achieve more.

We've created teacher-friendly specifications based on extensive research and engagement with the teaching community. They're designed to be straightforward and accessible so that you can tailor the delivery of the course to suit your needs.

Our Support

We provide a range of support services designed to help you at every stage, from preparation through to the delivery of our specifications. This includes:

- a wide range of high-quality creative resources
- textbooks available from leading publishers. For more information on our publishing

partners and their resources visit <u>www.ocr.org</u>. <u>uk/qualifications/gcse-and-a-level-reform/</u> <u>publishing-partners</u>

- Professional Development for teachers to fulfil a range of needs. To join our training (either face-to-face or online) or to search for training materials, you can find what you're looking for at <u>www.ocr.org.uk/qualifications/</u> professional-development
- Active Results our free results analysis service to help you review the performance of individual students or whole schools
- <u>ExamBuilder</u> our online past papers service that enables you to build your own test papers from past OCR exam questions.

Subject Advisors

OCR Subject Advisors provide specialist advice, guidance and support to centres related to our specification, as well as updates on resources and professional development opportunities. Our Subject Advisors work with subject communities through a range of networks to ensure the sharing of ideas and expertise to support teachers.

Keep up to date with OCR

To receive the latest information about any of our qualifications, please register for email updates at: <u>www.ocr.org.uk/updates</u>

All GCSE (9–1) qualifications offered by OCR are accredited by Ofqual, the Regulator for qualifications offered in England.

The accreditation number for OCR's GCSE (9–1) in Physical Education is QN: 601/8442/5.

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1b. Why choose an OCR GCSE (9–1) in Physical Education?

This practical and engaging course has been developed after feedback from teachers and other key stakeholders, ensuring an inclusive specification that will allow all learners to achieve their potential.

The content has been designed to allow learners to study Physical Education (PE) in an academic setting, allowing them to critically analyse and evaluate physical performance and apply their experience of practical activities in developing their knowledge and understanding of the subject.

The examined components will provide the knowledge and understanding which underpin the non-exam assessment (NEA). The NEA within this specification allows learners to explore a range of activities in the role of performer, including both team and individual activities. Learners will also analyse and evaluate performance in a chosen activity as part of their NEA. This course will prepare learners for the further study of PE or sports science courses as well as other related subject areas such as psychology, sociology and biology. Learners will also develop the transferable skills that are in demand by further education, Higher Education and employers in all sectors of industry.

This specification will create confident, independent thinkers and effective decision makers who can operate effectively as individuals or as part of a team – all skills that will enable them to stand out and effectively promote themselves as they progress through life.

With all topic areas of the specification being compulsory, OCR is aware of the need for comprehensive resources covering all areas. Our resourcing provision will support you fully in your teaching of this qualification.

Aims and learning outcomes

GCSE (9–1) study in Physical Education should be broad, coherent and practical, encourage learners to be inspired, motivated and challenged by the subject and enable them to make informed decisions about further learning opportunities and career pathways.

GCSE (9–1) specifications in Physical Education will equip learners with the knowledge, understanding, skills and values to develop and maintain their performance in physical activities and understand the benefits to health, fitness and well-being. This will require them to:

- develop theoretical knowledge and understanding of the factors that underpin physical activity and sport and use this knowledge to improve performance
- understand how the physiological and psychological state affects performance in physical activity and sport

- perform effectively in different physical activities by developing skills and techniques and selecting and using tactics, strategies and/ or compositional ideas
- develop their ability to analyse and evaluate to improve performance in physical activity and sport
- understand the contribution which physical activity and sport make to health, fitness and well-being
- understand key socio-cultural influences which can affect people's involvement in physical activity and sport.

1c. What are the key features of this specification?

The key features of OCR's GCSE (9–1) in Physical Education for you and your learners are:

- a straightforward structure with clear focused content
- improved support, resources and teacher guidance
- a wide variety of practical activities to choose from
- learners are introduced to a wide range of topics enabling them to fully experience the subject

- learners will see 'where they fit in' with physical activity and sport and how to improve their performance
- a use of data element, enabling learners to develop their knowledge and understanding of subject specific skills
- a clear basis and a good introduction for those learners who wish to move on to AS or A Level in Physical Education.

1d. How do I find out more information?

Whether you are an existing OCR centre, or new to OCR and would like to start delivering this course, please visit <u>www.ocr.org.uk</u>. Or you can contact us directly by email or phone.

Contact details:

Email: PE@ocr.org.uk

Subject web page: www.ocr.org.uk/sport

Twitter: <u>@OCR_PhysEd</u>

Customer Contact Centre: 01223 553998

2a. OCR's GCSE (9–1) in Physical Education (J587)

Students must take Components 01, 02, 04 and 05 to be awarded the OCR GCSE (9–1) in Physical Education.

Content Overview	Assessment Overview
J587/01 Physical factors affecting performance This component will assess:	Written paper: 1 hour 30% of total GCSE (9–1) 60 marks
 1.1 Applied anatomy and physiology 1.2 Physical training 	This paper consists of a mixture of objective response and multiple-choice questions, short answers and extended response items.
J587/02 Socio-cultural issues and sports psychology This component will assess:	Written paper: 1 hour 30% of total GCSE (9–1) 60 marks
 2.1 Socio-cultural influences 2.2 Sports psychology 2.3 Health, fitness and well-being. 	This paper consists of a mixture of objective response and multiple-choice questions, short answers and extended response items.
 J587/04 Practical Performances This component will assess: Core and advanced skills in three activities taken from the approved lists: o one from the 'individual' list o one from the 'team' list o one other from either list. 	Non-exam assessment (NEA) 30% of total GCSE (9–1) 60 marks This NEA will consist of three activities, including at least one 'team' and at least one 'individual' sport from the approved activity lists, all performed in competitive situations.
J587/05 Analysis and Evaluation of Performance This component draws upon the knowledge, understanding and skills a student has learnt and enables them to analyse and evaluate their own or a peer's performance in one activity.	Non-exam assessment (NEA) 10% of total GCSE (9–1) 20 marks This NEA will consist of a written task that must be produced under controlled conditions.

Carry Forward:

Learners who are retaking the qualification may carry forward their result(s) for the non-exam assessment component(s). See section 4a for details.

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2b. Content of GCSE (9–1) in Physical Education (J587)

The content of OCR's GCSE (9–1) in Physical Education is divided into four components. Each examined component is further sub divided into topic areas and the detailed content associated with those topics.

Component 01: Physical factors affecting Performance

- 1.1 Applied anatomy and physiology
- 1.2 Physical training

Component 02: Socio-cultural issues and sports psychology

- 2.1 Socio-cultural influences
- 2.2 Sports psychology
- 2.3 Health, fitness and well-being.

Component 04: Practical Performances (NEA)

Performance of three activities taken from the two approved lists.

- one from the 'individual' list
- one from the 'team' list
- one other from either list.

The approved lists can be found in section 2d and Section 2e of the 'OCR GCSE (9–1) guide to NEA in PE'.

Component 05: Analysis and Evaluation of Performance (NEA)

 This component requires students to draw upon knowledge, understanding and skills learnt throughout their course of study. This will allow them to analyse and evaluate either their own or a peer's performance in order to produce an action plan to improve the quality and effectiveness of the performance.

Use of data requirement

Learners are required to develop knowledge and understanding of data analysis in relation to key areas of physical activities and sports.

Learners should be able to:

- demonstrate an understanding of how data are collected both qualitative and quantitative
- present data, including graphs and tables.
- analyse and evaluate data, including graphs and tables.

Practical examples

In many areas of this specification, it is expected that practical examples from physical activities and sports will be used to show how theoretical concepts can be applied and to reinforce understanding. Areas of the specification where this may be examined are marked with the following symbol: The use of data analysis skills are spread across the components and topics. Areas of the specification where this may be assessed are marked with the following symbol:



2c.1. Content of Physical factors affecting performance (J587/01)

Component 01, *Physical factors affecting performance*, introduces and explores some of the physical factors which underpin participation and performance in physical activities and sports.

Learners will start to explore the ways in which parts of the human body work and function during physical activity and the physiological adaptations that can occur due to diet and training. Learners will also develop their knowledge and understanding of the principles of training, why we train in different ways and how training plans can be made to optimise results.

The study of these topics will aid learners in the development of both their own practical performance and that of others.

1.1 Applied anatomy and physiology

Learners will develop knowledge and understanding of the basic structures and functions of body systems that are particularly important to physical activities and sports.

They will also study the short and long-term effects of exercise on these systems, and how these effects can impact on physical fitness and performance.

Learners will develop the ability to collect and use data, analyse movement and apply their knowledge and understanding, using examples from physical activity and sport.

1.1.a. The structure and function of the skeletal system

Learners will be able to name and locate the major bones of the body and be able to apply examples of how the skeletal system allows the functions such as posture and protection. elbow, shoulder and hip. Knowledge will be developed of the types of movement at hinge joints and ball and socket joints, as well as being able to apply these movements to examples from physical activities and sports.

Learners will be able to identify major joints along with the associated articulating bones in the knee,

Topic area	Learners must:
Location of major bones	 know the name and location of the following bones in the human body: cranium vertebrae ribs sternum clavicle scapula pelvis humerus ulna radius carpals metacarpals fibula tibia fibula tarsals metatarsals.
Functions of the skeleton	 understand and be able to apply examples of how the skeleton provides or allows: support posture protection movement blood cell production storage of minerals. know the definition of a synovial joint know the following hinge joints: knee – articulating bones – femur, tibia elbow – articulating bones – humerus, radius, ulna know the following ball and socket joints: shoulder – articulating bones – humerus, scapula hip – articulating bones – pelvis, femur.

Topic area	Learners must:
Types of movement at hinge joints and ball and socket joints	 know the types of movement at hinge joints and be able to apply them to examples from physical activity/sport: flexion extension know the types of movement at ball and socket joints and be able to apply them to examples from physical activity/sport: flexion extension extension able to apply them to examples from physical activity/sport: flexion able to apply them to examples from physical activity/sport: flexion able ton citation abduction adduction circumduction.
O <mark>ther components of joints</mark>	 know the roles of: ligament cartilage tendons.

1.1.b. The structure and function of the muscular system

Learners will develop their knowledge of the location of the major muscle groups and be able to apply muscle use to examples from physical activities and sport. Learners will also develop their knowledge of the roles of muscles as agonists, antagonists, fixators and also how they operate as antagonistic pairs, again by applying to examples from physical activities and sports.

Topic area	Learners must:
Location of major muscle groups	 know the name and location of the following muscle groups in the human body and be able to apply their use to examples from physical activity/sport: deltoid trapezius latissimus dorsi pectorals biceps triceps abdominals quadriceps hamstrings gluteals gastrocnemius.
The roles of muscle in movement	 know the definitions and roles of the following and be able to apply them to examples from physical activity/sport: agonist antagonist fixator antagonistic muscle action.

1.1.c. Movement analysis

Learners will develop their knowledge of the three classes of lever and will be able to use examples from physical activities and sport to show where these levers might operate to produce movement. Learners will become aware of the mechanical advantage provided by levers in movement. Learners will know the three planes of movement and be able to give examples of these levers from different physical activities and sports. Frontal, transverse and longitudinal axes of rotation will be recognised by learners who will be able to apply these to examples from physical activities and sports.

Topic area	Learners must:
Lever systems	 know the three classes of lever and their use in physical activity and sport: 1st class neck 2nd class ankle 3rd class elbow know the definition of mechanical advantage.
Planes of movement and axes of rotation	 know the location of the planes of movement in the body and their application to physical activity and sport: frontal transverse sagittal know the location of the axes of rotation in the body and their application to physical activity and sport: frontal transverse longitudinal.

1.1.d. The cardiovascular and respiratory systems

Learners will develop their knowledge and understanding of the structure and function of the cardiovascular system. Blood vessels and blood cells with their pathway through the heart will be understood along with definitions of key cardiac terms. Learners will understand the pathway of air through the respiratory system and know the role of the respiratory muscles and alveoli during breathing, along with an understanding of key definitions.

Learners will also be able to define aerobic and anaerobic exercise and be able to give practical examples of aerobic and anaerobic activities.

Topic area	Learners must:	
Structure and function of the cardiovascular system	 know the double-circulatory system (systemic and pulmonary) know the different types of blood vessel: arteries capillaries veins understand the pathway of blood through the heart: atria ventricles bicuspid, tricuspid and semilunar valves septum and major blood vessels: aorta pulmonary artery vena cava pulmonary vein know the definitions of: heart rate stroke volume cardiac output know the role of red blood cells. 	
Structure and function of the respiratory system	 understand the pathway of air through the respiratory system: mouth nose trachea bronchi bronchiole alveoli know the role of respiratory muscles in breathing: diaphragm intercostals know the definitions of: breathing rate tidal volume minute ventilation 	
Aerobic and anaerobic exercise	 know the definitions of: aerobic exercise anaerobic exercise be able to apply practical examples of aerobic and anaerobic activities in relation to intensity and duration. 	

1.1.e. Effects of exercise on body systems

Learners will develop their knowledge and understanding of the short and long-term effects of exercise on muscles and bones, the heart and the respiratory system. They will be able to apply understanding of these effects to examples from a range of physical activities and sports. Learners will be able to collect and use data in this section related to both short-term and long-term effects of exercise.

Topic area	Learners must:
Short-term effects of exercise	 understand the short-term effects of exercise on: muscle temperature heart rate, stroke volume, cardiac output redistribution of blood flow during exercise respiratory rate, tidal volume, minute ventilation oxygen to the working muscles lactic acid production be able to apply the effects to examples from physical activity/ sport be able to collect and use data relating to short-term effects of exercise.
Long-term (training) effects of exercise	 understand the long-term effects of exercise on: bone density hypertrophy of muscle muscular strength muscular endurance resistance to fatigue hypertrophy of the heart resting heart rate and resting stroke volume cardiac output rate of recovery aerobic capacity respiratory muscles tidal volume and minute volume during exercise capilliarisation be able to apply the effects to examples from physical activity/ sport be able to collect and use data relating to long-term effects of exercise.

1.2 Physical training

Learners will develop their knowledge and understanding of the components of fitness required for physical activities and sports and how each can be measured. Learners will also be able to apply their knowledge of training principles to personal exercise/training programmes to improve fitness, along with the knowledge of how to optimise training and helping to prevent injury.

1.2.a. Components of fitness

Learners will develop their knowledge and understanding of the components of fitness, including cardiovascular endurance, muscular endurance, speed, strength, flexibility and agility. Learners will be able to define each component and be able to apply using a range of practical examples from physical activities and sports. Learners will also develop their knowledge of suitable tests for each component.

Learners will be able to collect and use data related to the identified components of fitness.

Topic area	Learners must
C <mark>omponents of fitness</mark>	Know the following components of fitness:
	 cardiovascular endurance/stamina know the definition of cardiovascular endurance/stamina be able to apply practical examples where this component is particularly important in physical activity and sport know suitable tests for this component, including: Cooper 12 minute run/walk test multi-stage fitness test muscular endurance know the definition of muscular endurance be able to apply practical examples where this component is particularly important in physical activity and sport know suitable tests for this component, including: press-up test sit-up test speed know suitable tests for this component, including: press-up test sit-up test speed know suitable tests for this component, including: particularly important in physical activity and sport know the definition of speed be able to apply practical examples where this component is particularly important in physical activity and sport know suitable tests for this component, including: 30m sprint test strength know the definition of strength be able to apply practical examples of where this component is particularly important in physical activity and sport know suitable tests for this component, including:

Topic area	Learners must
Components of fitness cont.	 power know the definition of power be able to apply practical examples of where this component is particularly important in physical activity and sport know suitable tests for this component, including:
	 - 'standing jump' or 'vertical jump' tests flexibility know the definition of flexibility be able to apply practical examples of where this component is particularly important in physical activity and sport know suitable tests for this component, including:
	 - 'sit and reach' test agility know the definition of agility be able to apply practical examples of where this component is particularly important in physical activity and sport know suitable tests for this component, including:
	 balance know the definition of balance be able to apply practical examples of where this component is particularly important in physical activity and sport know suitable tests for this component, including: 'stork stand' test
	 co-ordination know the definition of co-ordination be able to apply practical examples of where this component is particularly important in physical activity and sport know suitable tests for this component, including:
	 reaction time know the definition of reaction time be able to apply practical examples of where this component is particularly important in physical activity and sport know suitable tests for this component, including:

Applying the principles of training 1.2.b.

Learners will develop their knowledge and understanding of the principles of training. They will be able to define each principle and be able to apply each to personal exercise/ training programmes. Learners will develop their knowledge and understanding of how to optimise training using the FITT principle and different types of training.

Learners will develop their knowledge and understanding of the key components and physical benefits of the warm up and cool down applied to physical activities and sports.

Topic area	Learners must:
Principles of training	 know the following definitions of principles of training and be able to apply them to personal exercise/training programmes: specificity overload progression reversibility.
Optimising training	 know the definition of the elements of FITT (Frequency, Intensity, Time, Type) and be able to apply these elements to personal exercise/training programmes know different types of training, definitions and examples of: continuous fartlek interval circuit training plyometrics HIIT (High Intensity Interval Training). understand the key components of a warm up and be able to apply examples: pulse raising mobility stretching dynamic movements skill rehearsal know the physical benefits of a warm up, including effects on: warming up muscles/preparing the body for physical activity body temperature heart rate flexibility of ligaments and tendons blood flow and oxygen to muscles the speed of muscle contraction understand the key components of a cool down and be able to apply examples: low intensity exercise stretching know the physical benefits of a cool down, including: helps the body's transition back to a resting state gradually lowers temperature know the physical benefits of a cool down, including: helps the body's transition back to a resting state gradually lowers temperature circulates blood and oxygen gradually reduces breathing rate increases removal of waste products such as lactic acid reduces the risk of mus

1.2.c. Preventing injury in physical activity and training

Learners will develop their knowledge and understanding of how to prevent injury when participating in physical activities and sport. The potential hazards will be known in a range of physical activities and sports settings. Learners will know how risks can be minimised by using appropriate equipment, clothing, correct lifting techniques, using the warm up and cool down and an appropriate level of competition.

Topic area	Learners must:
Prevention of injury	 understand how the risk of injury in physical activity and sport can be minimised and be able to apply examples, including: personal protective equipment correct clothing/footwear appropriate level of competition lifting and carrying equipment safely use of warm up and cool down know potential hazards in a range of physical activity and sport settings and be able to apply examples, including: sports hall fitness centre playing field artificial outdoor areas swimming pool.

2c.2. Content of Socio-cultural issues and sports psychology (J587/02)

In Component 02, *Socio-cultural issues and sports psychology*, learners will develop their knowledge of socio-cultural influences that impact on participation and performance in physical activities and sports. Learners will also develop their knowledge and understanding of how sport impacts on society. Engagement patterns of different social groups will be understood by learners, along with strategies to promote participation with practical examples. The commercialisation of physical activities and sports will be understood, including the influences of sponsorship and the media. Learners will also develop their knowledge and understanding of ethical and socio-cultural issues in physical activities and sports.

Learners will develop their knowledge and understanding of sports psychology theories related to acquiring movement skills and optimising performance. Learners will be able to reflect on their own learning and performance of physical activities and sports skills to recognise the key psychological concepts affecting performance. Learners will develop their knowledge and understanding of the benefits of participating in physical activities and sports to their

health, fitness and well-being. The physical, emotional and social aspects will be understood as well as the consequences of a sedentary lifestyle. Learners will also develop their knowledge and understanding of energy use along with diet, nutrition and hydration.

2.1 Socio-cultural influences

Physical activities and sports play an integral part of society in the UK. In this topic, learners will develop their knowledge and understanding of the factors that continue to impact on physical activities and sports in the UK today. Learners will be introduced to engagement patterns of different social groups in physical activities and sports. Learners will develop their understanding of the influences of commercialism and the media on physical activities and sports.

The ethical and socio-cultural issues in physical activities and sports will enable learners to develop their understanding of sportsmanship, gamesmanship and deviance in sport along with being able to apply theories to practical examples from physical activities and sports.

2.1.a. Engagement patterns of different social groups in physical activities and sports

Learners will develop their knowledge and understanding of current participation trends using a range of valid and respected sources. The factors affecting participation for a range of different groups in society will be understood, along with strategies to promote participation, using practical examples from physical activities and sports.

Topic area	Learners must:		
Physical activity and sport in the UK	 be familiar with current trends in participation in physical activity and sport: using different sources (such as Sport England, National Governing Bodies (NGBs) and Department of Culture, Media and Sport (DCMS)) of different social groups in different physical activities and sports. 		
Participation in physical activity and sport	 understand how different factors can affect participation, including: age gender ethnicity religion/culture family education time/work commitments cost/disposable income disability opportunity/access discrimination environment/climate media coverage role models understand strategies which can be used to improve participation: promotion provision access 		

2.1.b. Commercialisation of physical activity and sport

Learners will develop their knowledge and understanding of the commercialisation of physical activity and sport including sponsorship, along with the influences of the media with examples showing the positive and negative effects on participation and performance in physical activities and sports.

Topic area	Learners must:	
Commercialisation of sport	 understand the influence of the media on the commercialisation of physical activity and sport: different types of media social internet TV/visual newspapers/magazines. know the meaning of commercialisation, including sport, sponsorship and the media (the golden triangle): positive and negative effects of the media on commercialisation be able to apply practical examples to these issues. understand the influence of sponsorship on the commercialisation of physical activity and sport: positive and negative effects of sponsorship on the commercialisation be able to apply practical examples to the issue of sponsorship. 	

2.1.c. Ethical and socio-cultural issues in physical activity and sport

Learners will develop their knowledge and understanding of ethics in sport including definitions of the key terms of sportsmanship, gamesmanship and deviance. The effects of drugs in sport and the reasons why sports performers use drugs will be understood along with reasons for player violence with practical examples in physical activities and sports.

Topic area	Learners must:
Ethics in sport	 know and understand: the value of sportsmanship the reasons for gamesmanship and deviance in sport. be able to apply practical examples to these concepts.
Drugs in sport	 know and understand the reasons why sports performers use drugs know the types of drugs and their effect on performance: anabolic steroids beta blockers stimulants give practical examples of the use of these drugs in sport. know and understand the impact of drug use in sport: on performers on sport itself.
Violence in sport	 know and understand the reasons for player violence give practical examples of violence in sport.

2.2 Sports psychology

Learners will develop their knowledge and understanding of the psychological factors that can affect performers. They will also develop their knowledge and understanding of how movement skills are learned and performed in physical activities and sports.

The characteristics and classification of skilful movement will be understood, along with the role of goal setting and mental preparation to improve performance in physical activites and sports. Learners will develop their knowledege and understanding of guidance and feedback that affects the learning and performance of movement skills.

Learners will be able to identify key terms and describe psychological concepts, using practical examples from their own performances. Learners will show that they can explain and evaluate sports psychology theories and principles and be able to apply theory to practice.

Topic area	Learners must:
Characteristics of skilful movement	 know the definition of motor skills understand and be able to apply examples of the characteristics of skilful movement: efficiency pre-determined co-ordinated fluent aesthetic.
Classification of skills	 know continua used in the classification of skills, including: simple to complex skills (difficulty continuum) open to closed skills (environmental continuum) be able to apply practical examples of skills for each continuum along with justification of their placement on both continua.
Goal setting	 understand and be able to apply examples of the use of goal setting: for exercise/training adherence to motivate performers to improve and/or optimise performance understand the SMART principle of goal setting with practical examples (Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Recorded, Timed) be able to apply the SMART principle to improve and/or optimise performance.
Mental preparation	 know mental preparation techniques and be able to apply practical examples to their use: imagery mental rehearsal selective attention positive thinking.

Topic area	ners must:		
Types of guidance	 understand types of guidance, their advantages and disadvantages, and be able to apply practical examples to their use: visual verbal manual mechanical. 		
Types of feedback	 understand types of feedback and be able to apply practical examples to their use: intrinsic extrinsic knowledge of performance knowledge of results positive negative. 		

2.3 Health, fitness and well-being

Learners will develop their knowledge and understanding of the benefits of participating in physical activities and sport to health, fitness and well-being as well as having a clear definition of health and fitness. Learners will know about the physical, emotional and social benefits as well as the consequences of a sendentary lifestyle. Learners will develop their knowledge and understanding of diet and nutrition. Learners will understand the main components of a balanced diet, including the effects of these components and hydration on performers using a range of examples from physical activities and sports.

Topic area	Learners must:		
Health, fitness and well-being	 know what is meant by health, fitness and well-being understand the different health benefits of physical activity and consequences of a sedentary lifestyle: physical: injury coronary heart disease (CHD) blood pressure bone density obesity Type 2 diabetes posture fitness emotional: self-esteem/confidence stress management image 		

Topic area	Learners must:		
Health, fitness and well-being cont.	 social: friendship belonging to a group loneliness be able to apply the above to different age groups be able to respond to data about health, fitness and well-being 		
Diet and nutrition	 know the definition of a balanced diet know the components of a balanced diet carbohydrates proteins fats minerals vitamins fibre water and hydration understand the effect of diet and hydration on energy use in physical activity be able to apply practical examples from physical activity and sport to diet and hydration. 		

2d. Content for non-exam assessment: Practical Performances (J587/04)

In Component 04, *Practical Performances*, learners are internally assessed through the NEA in performing three practical activities.

Learners are required to demonstrate effective performance, the use of tactics or techniques and the ability to observe the rules and conventions under applied conditions.

Learners must perform in three practical activities:

- one from the 'individual' list
- one from the 'team' list and
- one other from either list.

For the practical performances approved activities list, see sections 2d and 2e of the 'OCR GCSE (9–1) guide to NEA in Physical Education'.

Learners can only be assessed in the role of player/ performer.

Learners cannot use assessments in both 'team' and 'individual' versions of the same sport towards their final marks – for example, they may not enter marks for both singles and doubles tennis.

Learners may not enter marks for variations of the same sport – so they may not complete two forms of dance or Rugby Union and Rugby Sevens and use marks for both towards their final grade.

All the prohibited combinations are listed in the 'OCR GCSE (9–1) guide to NEA in Physical Education'.

Any learner(s) using a combination of activities within this component that is in breach of the specification requirements may have part or all of their practical marks discounted from their overall assessment.

This component is internally marked using the assessment criteria found in section 2b.2. of the 'OCR GCSE (9–1) Guide to NEA in Physical Education'.

2e. Content for non-exam assessment: Analysing and Evaluating Performance (J587/05)

In Component 05, *Analysing and Evaluating Performance*, learners are internally assessed through the NEA in one performance analysis task. They are required to demonstrate their ability to analyse and evaluate their own practical performance or that of a peer in order to:

- analyse aspects of personal performance in a practical activity
- evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of the performance
- produce an action plan which aims to improve the quality and effectiveness of the performance.

Teachers must refer to and follow the 'OCR GCSE (9-1) Guide to NEA in Physical Education' for further detail on this area of assessment. This component is internally marked using the assessment criteria found in section 2c.2. of the 'OCR GCSE (9-1) Guide to NEA in Physical Education'.

2f. Prior knowledge, learning and progression

- No prior knowledge, skills, understanding or learning of the subject is required.
- Throughout the course of study learners are encouraged to develop an awareness of the role of physical education in society and its application to many situations.
- This qualification is therefore suitable for learners intending to pursue AS or A levels, Higher Education or any career for which an understanding of the human body or human behaviour is desirable.
- This qualification provides a suitable introduction to further study in social sciences, or as part of a course of general education.

3a. Forms of assessment

OCR's GCSE (9–1) in Physical Education consists of two components that are externally assessed and two components that are internally assessed by the centre and externally moderated by OCR.

Components 01 (Physical factors affecting performance) and 02 (Socio-cultural issues and sports psychology) will be assessed using a mixture of objective response and multiple choice questions, short answers and extended response items. These components assess AO1, AO2 and AO3 and are each worth 30% of the total GCSE (9–1). There are 60 marks available for each of Components 01 and 02.

Learners are permitted to use a scientific or graphical calculator for Component 01.

Components 04 (Practical Performance) and 05 (Analysis and Evaluation of Performance) will be assessed via NEA. These components assess A04 and are worth 30% and 10% respectively of the total GCSE (9-1). There are 60 marks available for Component 04 and 20 marks available for Component 05.

3b. Assessment objectives (AO)

There are four assessment objectives in OCR's GCSE (9–1) in Physical Education. These are detailed in the table below.

Learners are expected to demonstrate their ability to:

Assessment Objectives							
A01	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the factors that underpin performance and involvement in physical activity and sport.						
A02 Apply knowledge and understanding of the factors that underpin performance and involver in physical activity and sport.							
AO3	Analyse and evaluate the factors that underpin performance and involvement in physical activity and sport.						
AO4	 Demonstrate and apply relevant skills and techniques in physical activity and sport. Analyse and evaluate performance. 						

AO weightings in OCR GCSE (9–1) in Physical Education

The relationship between the assessment objectives and the components are shown in the following table:

Component	% of overall GCSE (9–1) in Physical Education (J587)			
Component	AO1	AO2	AO3	AO4
01: Physical factors affecting performance	12.5	10	7.5	0
02: Socio-cultural issues and sports psychology	12.5	10	7.5	0
04: Practical Performances	0	0	0	30
05: Analysis and Evaluation of Performance	0	0	0	10
Total	25	20	15	40

3c. Assessment availability

There will be

This specification will be certificated from the June 2021 examination series onwards.

 one examination series available each year in May/June to all learners.

All components must be taken in the same examination series at the end of the course.

3d. Retaking the qualification

Learners can retake the qualification as many times as they wish. Learners must retake all examined components. They can choose to either retake the non-exam assessment (NEA) or carry forward (re-use) their most recent result(s). More detail can be found in Section 4a.

3e. Assessment of extended response

The assessment materials for this qualification provide learners with the opportunity to demonstrate their ability to construct and develop a sustained and coherent line of reasoning and marks for extended responses are integrated into the marking criteria.

3f. Non-exam assessment (NEA)

Full details for the completion and administration of the NEA for OCR's GCSE (9–1) in Physical Education can be found in the accompanying

3g. Synoptic assessment

- Synoptic assessment is the learner's understanding of the connections between different elements of the subject. It involves the explicit drawing together of knowledge, skills and understanding within different parts of the GCSE (9–1) course.
- The emphasis on synoptic assessment is to encourage the understanding of Physical Education as a discipline.

3h. Calculating qualification results

A learner's overall qualification grade for OCR's GCSE (9–1) in Physical Education will be calculated by adding together their marks from the fourcomponents taken to give their total mark. This mark will then be compared to the qualification level grade boundaries for the entry option taken by the learner and for the relevant exam series to determine the learner's overall qualification grade.

 Learners are encouraged to think holistically and develop their skills of thinking as a practitioner of Physical Education.

'OCR GCSE (9–1) Guide to NEA in Physical Education'

• Synoptic assessment is included in Component 05.

4 Admin: what you need to know

The information in this section is designed to give an overview of the processes involved in administering this qualification so that you can speak to your exams officer. All of the following processes require you to submit something to OCR by a specific deadline. More information about the processes and deadlines involved at each stage of the assessment cycle can be found in the Administration area of the OCR website.

OCR's Admin overview is available on the OCR website at <u>http://www.ocr.org.uk/administration</u>.

4a. Entries

Entries provide OCR with detailed data for each learner, showing each assessment to be taken. It is essential that you use the correct entry code, considering the relevant entry rules and ensuring that you choose the entry option for the moderation you intend to use. Entries must be submitted to OCR by the published deadlines or late entry fees will apply. All learners taking a GCSE (9–1) in Physical Education must be entered for one of the following entry options:

	Entry	option		Components	
	Entry code	Title	Code	Title	Assessment type
_	J587 A	Physical Education	01	Physical factors affecting performance	External assessment
		Option A	02	Socio-cultural issues and sports psychology	External assessment
			04	Practical performance	Non-exam assessment (Visiting moderation)
			05	Analysing and Evaluating Performance	Non-exam assessment (Repository)
•	J587 B	Physical Education	01	Physical factors affecting performance	External assessment
		Option B	02	Socio-cultural issues and sports psychology	External assessment
			04	Practical performance	Non-exam assessment (Visiting moderation)
			06	Analysing and Evaluating Performance	Non-exam assessment (Postal)

Carrying Forward NEA from 2018, 2019 and 2020

Entry option J587 CA should **only** be selected for students who are retaking the qualification who took their NEA in 2018, 2019 or 2020 and want to carry forward their mark for their entire non-exam assessment.

	Entry	option	Components			
	Entry code	Title	Code	Component title	Assessment type	
	J587 CA Physical Education Option A (Carry Forward NEA) from 2018, 2019 and	01	Physical factors affecting performance	External assessment		
			02	Socio-cultural issues and sports psychology	External assessment	
		2020 series only)	80	Performance in physical education	Non-exam assessment (Carry Forward)	

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Carrying Forward NEA from 2021 series onwards

Entry option J587 CB, CC, CD and CE should **only** be selected for students who are retaking the qualification and who took their NEA in 2021 onwards. These students can decide whether to carry forward their mark from the Practical Performances component, the Analysing and Evaluating Performance component or both components.

Entr	y option		Components		
Entry code	Title	Code	Component title	Assessment type	
J587 CA	Physical Education	01	Physical factors affecting performance	External assessment	
	(Carry Forward 'Practical	02	Socio-cultural issues and sports psychology	External assessment	
	Performance, Repository)	81	Practical Performance	Non-exam assessment (Carry Forward)	
		05	Analysing and Evaluating Performance	Non-exam assessment (Repository)	
J587 CB	Physical Education	01	Physical factors affecting performance	External assessment	
	(Carry Forward 'Practical	02	Socio-cultural issues and sports psychology	External assessment	
	Performance, Postal)	81	Practical Performance	Non-exam assessment (Carry Forward)	
		06	Analysing and Evaluating Performance	Non-exam assessment (Postal)	
J587 CC	Physical Education	01	Physical factors affecting performance	External assessment	
	(Carry Forward 'AEP')	02	Socio-cultural issues and sports psychology	External assessment	
		04	Practical Performance	Non-exam assessment (Visiting moderation)	
		82	Analysing and Evaluating Performance	Non-exam assessment (Carry Forward)	
J587 CD	Physical Education	01	Physical factors affecting performance	External assessment	
	(Carry Forward 'Practical	02	Socio-cultural issues and sports psychology	External assessment	
	Performance and 'AEP')	81	Practical Performance	Non-exam assessment (Carry Forward)	
		82	Analysing and Evaluating Performance	Non-exam assessment (Carry Forward)	

4b. Special consideration

Special consideration is a post-assessment adjustment to marks or grades to reflect temporary injury, illness or other indisposition at the time the assessment was taken. Detailed information about eligibility for special consideration can be found in the JCQ publication *A guide to the special consideration process*.

4c. External assessment arrangements

Regulations governing examination arrangements are contained in the JCQ *Instructions for conducting examinations*.

Calculators are subject to the rules in the document *Instructions for Conducting Examinations* published annually by JCQ (<u>www.jcq.org.uk</u>).

Learners are permitted to use a scientific or graphical calculator for Component 01.

Head of Centre Annual Declaration

The Head of Centre is required to provide a declaration to the JCQ as part of the annual NCN update, conducted in the autumn term, to confirm that the centre is meeting all of the requirements detailed in the specification.

Any failure by a centre to provide the Head of Centre Annual Declaration will result in your centre status being suspended and could lead to the withdrawal of our approval for you to operate as a centre.

Private candidates

Private candidates may enter for OCR assessments.

A private candidate is someone who pursues a course of study independently but takes an examination or assessment at an approved examination centre. A private candidate may be a part-time student, someone taking a distance learning course, or someone being tutored privately. They must be based in the UK. OCR's GCSE (9–1) in Physical Education requires learners to complete non-examined assessment. This is an essential part of the course and will allow learners to develop skills for further study or employment.

Private candidates need to contact OCR approved centres to establish whether they are prepared to host them as a private candidate. The centre may charge for this facility and OCR recommends that the arrangement is made early in the course.

Further guidance for private candidates may be found on the OCR website: <u>http://www.ocr.org.uk</u>.

4d. Admin of non-exam assessment

Regulations governing arrangements for internal assessments are contained in the JCQ *Instructions for conducting non-examination assessments*.

Authentication of learner's work

Centres must declare that the work submitted for assessment is the learner's own by completing a centre authentication form (CCS160). This information must be retained at the centre and be available on request to either OCR or the JCQ centre inspection service. It must be kept until the deadline has passed for centres to submit a Review of Results (RoR). Once this deadline has passed and centres have not requested a RoR, this evidence can be destroyed.

Internal standardisation

Centres must carry out internal standardisation to ensure that marks awarded by different teachers and in different activities or tasks are accurate and consistent across all learners entered for the component from that centre.

Moderation

The purpose of moderation is to bring the marking of internally assessed components in all participating centres to an agreed standard. This is achieved by checking a sample of each centre's marking of learner's work.

The moderation of Component 04, Practical Performances, will be conducted via visiting moderation.

There are two ways to submit a sample of work for Component 05, Analysis and Evaluation of Performance:

Moderation via the OCR Repository – Where you upload electronic copies of the work included in the sample to the OCR Repository and your moderator accesses the work from there.

Postal moderation – Where you post the sample of work to the moderator.

The method that will be used to submit the moderation sample must be specified when making entries. The relevant entry codes are given in Section 4a. All learners' work must be submitted using the same entry option. It is not possible for centres to offer both options within the same series.

Centres will receive the outcome of moderation for each NEA component when the provisional results are issued. This will include:

Moderation Adjustments Report – Listing any scaling that has been applied to internally assessed components.

Moderator Report to Centres – A brief report by the moderator on the internal assessment of learners' work.

Full details of the visiting moderation process can be found in the 'OCR GCSE (9–1) Guide to NEA in Physical Education'.

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Carrying forward non-exam assessment (NEA)

Learners who are retaking the qualification can choose to either retake the non-exam assessment or carry forward their most recent result(s).

Learners who took their NEA in 2018, 2019 and 2020 can only carry forward their result for the NEA which includes both the performance and the AEP.

Learners who have taken their NEA in 2021 onwards can choose whether to carry forward their result for the Practical Performance, the Analysis and Evaluation of Performance, or both.

Section 4a details the carry forward entry options available.

Learners must decide at the point of entry whether they are going to carry forward the NEA result(s) or not.

The result for the NEA component(s) may be carried forward for the lifetime of the specification and there is no restriction on the number of times the result may be carried forward. However, only the most recent non-absent result(s) may be carried forward.

When the result is carried forward, the grade boundaries from the previous year of entry will be used to calculate a new weighted mark for the carried forward component, so the value of the original mark is preserved.

4e. Results and certificates

Grade scale

GCSE (9–1) qualifications are graded on the scale: 9–1, where 9 is the highest. Learners who fail to reach the minimum standard of 1 will be Unclassified (U).

Results

Results are released to centres and learners for information and to allow any queries to be resolved before certificates are issued.

Centres will have access to the following results information for each learner:

- the grade for the qualification
- the raw mark for each component
- the total mark for the qualification.

Only subjects in which grades 9 to 1 are attained will be recorded on certificates.

The following supporting information will be available:

- raw mark grade boundaries for each component
- mark grade boundaries for each entry option.

Until certificates are issued, results are deemed to be provisional and may be subject to amendment.

A learner's final results will be recorded on an OCR certificate. The qualification title will be shown on the certificate as 'OCR Level 1/Level 2 GCSE (9–1) in Physical Education'.

4f. Post-results services

A number of post-results services are available:

- **Review of Results** If you are not happy with the outcome of a learner's results, centres may submit an a review of results.
- Missing and incomplete results This service should be used if an individual subject result for a learner is missing, or the learner has been omitted entirely from the results supplied.
- Access to scripts Centres can request access to marked scripts.

4g. Malpractice

Any breach of the regulations for the conduct of examinations and non-exam assessment may constitute malpractice (which includes maladministration) and must be reported to OCR as soon as it is detected. Detailed information on malpractice can be found in the JCQ publication *Suspected Malpractice in Examinations and Assessments: Policies and Procedures*.

5a. Grade descriptors

1. Grade 8

To achieve Grade 8 candidates will be able to:

- demonstrate and apply relevant and comprehensive knowledge and understanding of a wide range of factors affecting performance and involvement in physical activity and sport using accurate specialist terminology
- critically analyse and evaluate a wide range of information about performance to draw well-evidenced conclusions
- safely and effectively apply a wide range of appropriate techniques, strategies and/or compositional ideas demonstrating a consistently skilled and controlled performance.

2. Grade 5

To achieve Grade 5 candidates will be able to:

- demonstrate mostly accurate and appropriate knowledge and understanding of a range of factors affecting performance and involvement in physical activity and sport using mostly accurate specialist terminology
- analyse and evaluate a range of information about performance to draw reasoned conclusions supported by evidence
- safely apply a range of appropriate techniques, strategies and/or compositional ideas demonstrating a capable and controlled performance.

3. Grade 2

To achieve Grade 2 candidates will be able to:

- demonstrate some relevant knowledge and understanding of some factors affecting performance and involvement in physical activity and sport using everyday language
- interpret a range of information about performance to draw simple conclusions
- safely apply basic techniques, strategies and/or compositional ideas demonstrating some control in their performance.

5b. Overlap with other qualifications

There is no significant overlap between the content of this specification and those for other GCSE (9–1)

qualifications.

5c. Accessibility

Reasonable adjustments and access arrangements allow learners with special educational needs, disabilities or temporary injuries to access the assessment and show what they know and can do, without changing the demands of the assessment. Applications for these should be made before the examination series. Detailed information about eligibility for access arrangements can be found in the JCQ Access Arrangements and Reasonable Adjustments. The GCSE (9–1) qualification and subject criteria have been reviewed in order to identify any feature which could disadvantage learners who share a protected Characteristic as defined by the Equality Act 2010. All reasonable steps have been taken to minimise any such disadvantage.

Summary of updates

Date	Version	Section	Title of section	Change
April 2018	1.1	4e	Results and Certificates	Amend to Certification Titling
August 2018	1.2	3d 4d	Retaking the qualification Admin of non-exam assessment	Update to the wording for carry forward rules
July 2020	1.3	2a	OCR's GCSE (9 – 1) in Physical Education (J587)	Changes related to splitting the NEA into two separate
		2b	Content of GCSE (9–1) in Physical Education (J587)	components
		2d	Content of Practical Performances (J587/04)	
		2e	Content of Analysis and Evaluation of Performance (J587/05)	
		3a	Forms of assessment	
		3b	Assessment objectives (AO)	
		3g	Synoptic assessment	
		3h	Calculating qualification results	
		4d	Admin of non-exam assessment	
		1a	Why choose an OCR qualification?	Update to the wording to improve clarity
		1d	How do I find out more information?	
		2f	Prior knowledge, learning and progression	Renumbered from 2e
		3с	Assessment availability	This version of the specification will be for first assessment in June 2021.
		3d	Retaking the qualification	Changing relating to the carry
		4a	Entries	forward rules
		4d	Admin of non-exam assessment	
		4f	Post-results services	Changing of terms used
				Update to specification covers to meet digital accessibility standards
October 2022	1.4	4a.	Entries	Correction of typographical errors in the tables

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Resources and support for our GCSE (9-1) PE qualification, developed through collaboration between our PE Subject Specialists, teachers and other subject experts, are available from our website. You can also contact our PE Subject Advisor team who can give you specialist advice, guidance and support.

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