

Block 1	: Representing solutions of equations & inequalities	2	Inverse operations
-	Understand the meaning of a solution	*	Solving equations
-	R- Form and solve one-step and two-step equations		Multiplication and division
-	R- Form and solve one-step and two-step inequalities		Co-ordinates
-	Show solutions to inequalities on a number line		Solution
-	Interpret representations on number lines as inequalities		Variable
-	Represent solutions to inequalities using set notation		Equation
-	Represent inequalities graphically		Expression
-	R - Draw straight line graphs		Identity
-	Find solutions to equations using straight line graphs		Linear
-	Represent solutions to single inequalities on a graph		Inequality
-	Represent solutions to multiple inequalities on a graph		Quadratic
-	R - Form and solve equations with unknowns on both sides		Cubic
-	Form and solve inequalities with unknowns on both sides		Reciprocal
-	Form and solve more complex equations and inequalities		Exponential
-	Draw and interpret quadratic graphs		Set
-	Draw other types of graphs (cubic, reciprocal and exponential)		End of block assessment
-	Solve quadratic equations by factorisation just 1x ²		Knowledge Organiser
-	Solve quadratic equations by factorisation		
-	Solve quadratic inequalities in one variable by factorising		Lower Attainer Guidance
-	Solving quadratics using the formula	>	Higher Attainer Guidance
Block 2	Ratio and fractions		Division
-	R - Compare quantities using a ratio	*/	Fractions of amounts
-	R - Link ratios and fractions		
-	R - Share in a ratio (given total or one part)		Ratio
-	Use ratios and fractions to make comparisons		Equivalent
-	R - Link ratios and graphs		Proportion
-	Solve problems with currency conversion		Integer
-	R - Link ratios and scales		Origin
-	Use and interpret ratios of the form 1:n and n:1		Gradient
-	Solve 'best buy' problems	•	End of block assessment
-	Combine a set of ratios		Knowledge Organiser
-	Link ratio and algebra		5 5
-	Ratio in area problems		Ratio and fractions block
-	Ratio in volume problems		Lower Attainer Guidance
-	Mixed ratio problems	\bigcirc	Higher Attainer Guidance
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Block 3	: Percentages and interest		FDP
-	R - Convert and compare fractions, decimals and percentages		Multiplication and division
-	Convert recurring decimals to fractions and vice versa		with decimals
-	R – rounding and money sense		Calculator skills
-	R - Work out percentages of amounts (with and without a calculator)		Exponent
-	R - Increase and decrease by a given percentage		Compound interest
-	R - Express one number as a percentage of another		Depreciation
-	Calculate simple and compound interest		Growth
-	Repeated percentage change		Decay
-	R - Find the original value after a percentage change		Multiplier
-	Solve problems involving growth and decay		Equivalent
-	Understand iterative processes		Iteration
-	Solve problems involving percentages, ratios and fractions		Recurring
			End of block assessment
			Knowledge Organiser
			Percentages and interest
		3	DIOCK
			Lower Attainer Guidance
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Block 4: Surds (Higher only)-R - Understand rational and irrational numbers-R - Squares and square roots-Law of surds (Expressing \sqrt{ab} as $\sqrt{a} \sqrt{b}$)-Calculate with surds (addition, subtraction, multiplication, division)-Simplify surds / Express surds as a product of an integer and a surd-Expand and simplify double brackets involving surds-Rationalise a denominator (\sqrt{a} and $\sqrt{a} \pm b$)-Calculate with surds involving algebra	Roots and indices Operations with algebra Expanding and simplifying bracketsReceived by a stateRational Irrational Surd RationaliseReceived by a stateReceived by a state RationaliseReceived by a stateReceived by a state<
Block 5: Probability - R - Know how to add, subtract and multiply fractions - R - Find probabilities using equally likely outcomes - R - Use the property that probabilities sum to 1 - Using experimental data to estimate probabilities - Find probabilities from tables, Venn diagrams and frequency trees - R - Construct and interpret sample spaces for more than one event - Calculate probability with independent events - Use tree diagrams for independent events - Use tree diagrams for dependent events - Construct and interpret conditional probabilities (Tree diagrams) - Construct and interpret conditional probabilities (Venn diagrams and two-way tables)	Addition & subtraction of fractions Multiplication of fractions Multiplication of fractions Probability Event Outcome Union Expected Value Universal Set Systematic Product End of block assessment Knowledge Organiser Probability block Lower Attainer Guidance
Block 6: Congruence, similarity and enlargement - Enlarge a shape by a positive integer scale factor - Enlarge a shape by a fractional scale factor - Enlarge a shape by a negative scale factor - Identify similar shapes - Vork out missing sides and angles in a pair given similar shapes - Use parallel line rules to work out missing angles - Establish a pair of triangles are similar - Explore areas of similar shapes - Solve problems with similar triangles - Solve mixed problems involving similar shapes - Understand the difference between congruent triangles - Prove a pair of triangles are congruent	NoHigher Attainer GuidanceHigher Attainer GuidanceMultiplicative relationships inc. by fractions and negatives Area of simple 2D shapesImageEnlarge Scale factor Centre of enlargement Similar Congruent Corresponding ParallelImageEnd of block assessment Knowledge OrganiserImageCongruency block Lower Attainer Guidance Higher Attainer Guidance



Block 7: Angles and bearings - R - Use cardinal directions and related angles - R - Draw and interpret scale diagrams - Understand and represent bearings - Measure and read bearings - Make scale drawings using bearings - R - Angles in parallel lines - Calculate bearings using angles rules		Basic angle knowledge. Addition and subtraction of angles Proportion and multiplicative change
		Cardinal directions Angle Bearing Perpendicular Parallel Clockwise Construct Scale End of block assessment Knowledge Organiser
	00	Angles and bearings block Lower Attainer Guidance Higher Attainer Guidance
Block 8: Working with circles - R - Recognise and label parts of circle - R - Work with area and circumference of a circle - Calculate fractional parts of a circle - Calculate the length of an arc - Calculate the area of a sector		Knowledge of angles around a point Area and circumference of a circle Algebraic formulae
 ALL the above require leaving in terms of pi as well as exact answers Circle Theorem: Angles at the centre & circumference Circle Theorem: Angles in a semicircle Circle Theorem: Angles in the same segment Circle Theorem: Angles in cyclic quadrilateral Understand and use the volume of a cylinder and cone Understand and use the surface area of a sphere Understand and use the surface area of a cylinder and cone R - Solve area and volume problems involving similar shapes 		Circumference Area Diameter Radius Segment Arc Chord Tangent Hemisphere Surface area Volume
	00	End of block assessment Knowledge Organiser Working with circles block Lower Attainer Guidance Higher Attainer Guidance



Block 9: Number sense	Fact families
	Factors
- R - Understand the difference between factors and multiples	Multiples
- R - Understand primes and express a number as a product of its prime	Primes, squares, cubes
Tactors	Rounding
- R - Find the HCF and LCM of a set of numbers	Standard (Index) Form
- R - Square and cube numbers	Commutative
- Calculate higher powers and roots	Base
- R - Powers of ten and statudru form	Power
- R - The addition and use the newer zero and negative indices	Exponent
- Work with powers of powers	Significant figures
- Understand and use fractional indices	Pound
- B - Calculate with numbers in standard form	Truncate
- R - Rounding to decimal places and significant figures	End of block assessment
- R - Estimating answers to calculations	Knowledge Organiser
- Understand and use limits of accuracy	Lower Attainer Guidance
- Upper and lower bounds	Higher Attainer Guidance
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Block 10: Sequences	Algebraic expressions
-	Nth terms
- Describe and continue arithmetic and geometric sequences	Term to term sequences
- Explore other sequences	Surds
Describe and continue sequences involving surds	Factor
- Review - Find the rule for the nth term of a linear sequence	Multiple
- Find the rule for the nth term of quadratic sequence	HCF
	LCM
	nth term
	Linear
	Non-linear
	Arithmetic
	Geometric
	Sequence
	End of block assessment
	Knowledge Organiser
	Lower Attainer Guidance
0	Higher Attainer Guidance
	Solving equations
Block 11: Simultaneous equations	Substitution
- Understand that equations can have more than one solution	
- Determine whether a given (x, y) is a solution to a pair of linear	Equation
simultaneous equations	Simultaneous
- Solve a pair of linear simultaneous equations by substituting a known	Substitute
variable	LCM
- Solve a pair of linear simultaneous equations by using graphs	Eliminate
- Solve a pair of linear simultaneous equations by subtracting equations	Expression
- Solve a pair of linear simultaneous equations by adding equations	Coordinate
Keview - Use a given equation to derive related factors Solve a pair of linear simultaneous equations by adjusting one equation	Intersection
- <u>Solve a pair of linear simultaneous equations by adjusting one equations</u>	End of block assessment
- Solve a pair of linear simultaneous equations from given information	Knowledge Organiser
- Determine whether a given (x, y) is a solution to both a linear and	
auadratic equation	Lower Attainer Guidance
- Solve a pair of simultaneous equations (one linear, one quadratic) using	Higher Attainer Guidance
Source a new or annouscence of a conditionation of the integration of the under during the second of	
graphs and algebraically	S



Block 1	2: Trigonometry	0	Solving equations
-	Explore ratio in similar right-angled triangles		Substitution
-	Work fluently with the hypotenuse, opposite and adjacent sides		Square numbers and
-	Use the tangent ratio to find missing side lengths		square roots
-	Use the sine and cosine ratio to find missing side lengths		Hypotenuse
-	Use sine, cosine and tangent to find missing angles		Opposite
-	Calculate sides in right-angled triangles using Pythagoras' Theorem		Adjacent
-	Select the appropriate method to solve right-angled triangle problems		Theta / θ
-	Work with key angles in right-angled triangles (Exact values)		Constant
-	Use trigonometry in 3-D shapes		Inverse
-	Use the formula 1/2abSinC to find the area of a triangle		Bearing
-	Understand and use the sine rule to find missing lengths		End of block assessment
-	Understand and use the sine rule to find missing angles		Knowledge Organiser
-	Understand and use the cosine rule to find missing lengths		
-	Understand and use the cosine rule to find missing angles	•	Trigonometry block
-	Choosing and using the sine and cosine rules	Q	Lower Attainer Guidance
-	Solve bearings problems using Pythagoras and trigonometry	Õ	Higher Attainer Guidance
-	Solve bearings problems using the sine and cosine rules		
Block 1	3: Vectors	0	Multiplication
-	Understand and represent vectors		Addition
-	Use and read vector notation		Parallel lines
_	Draw and understand vectors multiplied by a scale		Chains of reasoning
_	Draw and understand addition of vectors		Vector
	Draw and understand addition and subtraction of voctors		Direction
-			Magnitude
-	Explore a vector journey in snapes		Scalar
-	Explore quadrilaterals using vectors		Column vector
-	Understand parallel vectors		Parallel
-	Explore collinear points using vectors		End of block assessment
-	Use vectors to construct geometric arguments and proofs		Knowledge Organiser
		C	Lower Attainer Guidance
		Õ	Higher Attainer Guidance
Block 1	4: Collecting and representing data	0	Averages
-	Understanding populations and samples		Data
-	Construct a stratified sample		Interpreting data from
-	Primary and secondary data		charts and tables
-	Construct and interpret frequency tables and frequency polygons		Population
-	R - Construct and interpret two-way tables		Sample
-	Construct and interpret line and bar charts (including composite bar charts)		Representative
-	R - Construct and interpret pie charts		Random sample
-	Criticise charts and graphs		Bias
-	Construct histograms		Primary data
-	Interpret histograms		Secondary data
-	R - Find and interpret averages from a list		Outlier
-	R - Find and interpret averages from a table		End of block assessment
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- 1	Find and interpret averages from a grouped data table		Knowledge Organiser
-	Find and interpret averages from a grouped data table R - Construct and interpret time series graphs		Knowledge Organiser
-	Find and interpret averages from a grouped data table R - Construct and interpret time series graphs Construct and interpret stem-and-leaf diagrams		Knowledge Organiser Data block
-	Find and interpret averages from a grouped data table R - Construct and interpret time series graphs Construct and interpret stem-and-leaf diagrams Construct and interpret cumulative frequency diagrams	Q	Knowledge Organiser Data block Lower Attainer Guidance
-	Find and interpret averages from a grouped data table R - Construct and interpret time series graphs Construct and interpret stem-and-leaf diagrams Construct and interpret cumulative frequency diagrams Use cumulative frequency diagrams to find measures	00	Knowledge Organiser Data block Lower Attainer Guidance Higher Attainer Guidance
-	Find and interpret averages from a grouped data table R - Construct and interpret time series graphs Construct and interpret stem-and-leaf diagrams Construct and interpret cumulative frequency diagrams Use cumulative frequency diagrams to find measures Construct and interpret box plots	00	Knowledge Organiser Data block Lower Attainer Guidance Higher Attainer Guidance
	Find and interpret averages from a grouped data table R - Construct and interpret time series graphs Construct and interpret stem-and-leaf diagrams Construct and interpret cumulative frequency diagrams Use cumulative frequency diagrams to find measures Construct and interpret box plots Compare distributions using charts and measures	00	Knowledge Organiser Data block Lower Attainer Guidance Higher Attainer Guidance
	Find and interpret averages from a grouped data table R - Construct and interpret time series graphs Construct and interpret stem-and-leaf diagrams Construct and interpret cumulative frequency diagrams Use cumulative frequency diagrams to find measures Construct and interpret box plots Compare distributions using charts and measures Compare distributions using complex charts and measures	00	Knowledge Organiser Data block Lower Attainer Guidance Higher Attainer Guidance
	Find and interpret averages from a grouped data table R - Construct and interpret time series graphs Construct and interpret stem-and-leaf diagrams Construct and interpret cumulative frequency diagrams Use cumulative frequency diagrams to find measures Construct and interpret box plots Compare distributions using charts and measures Compare distributions using complex charts and measures R - Construct and interpret scatter graphs	00	Knowledge Organiser Data block Lower Attainer Guidance Higher Attainer Guidance
	Find and interpret averages from a grouped data table R - Construct and interpret time series graphs Construct and interpret stem-and-leaf diagrams Construct and interpret cumulative frequency diagrams Use cumulative frequency diagrams to find measures Construct and interpret box plots Compare distributions using charts and measures Compare distributions using complex charts and measures R - Construct and interpret scatter graphs R - Draw and use a line of best fit	00	Knowledge Organiser Data block Lower Attainer Guidance Higher Attainer Guidance